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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DAT	TE an	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/651,203	08/29/200	3	Akihiro Sato	ASAIN0130	7623
24203	7590 02/	28/2005		EXAMINER	
GRIFFIN & SZIPL, PC				STONER, KILEY SHAWN	
SUITE PH-1 2300 NINTH STREET, SOUTH ARLINGTON, VA 22204			,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1725	

DATE MAILED: 02/28/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			W					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	<b>V</b> ———					
	10/651,203	SATO ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	Kiley Stoner	1725	_					
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addres	s					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions after the reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1.136(a). In no event, however, may a eply within the statutory minimum of thin do will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI ute, cause the application to become A.	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communible (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.					
Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08	September 2004.							
	nis action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the me	rits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	r <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.I	). 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application	1.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.							
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.							
	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-1	52.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received. nts have been received in A iority documents have beer	Application No	je					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not	received.						
Attachment(s)	-							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date						
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>9-8-04</u>.</li> </ol>	<u> </u>	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152	)					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "satisfactory large" in claims 1-4 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "satisfactory large" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is unclear as to what is a satisfactory large heat capacity.

It is recommended by the examiner that the awkward language of "higher heat-resisting temperature" and "heat-resisting temperature" be changed to something like "thermal degradation temperature" or "melting or liquidus temperature".

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

<sup>(</sup>b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Koromzay (4,841,117) of the IDS.

Koromzay teaches a jig mounting step (A) for installing a jig into the thin-walled portion of the workpiece to from a recess, wherein the jig is manufactured from a material with a higher heat-resisting temperature than the heat-resisting temperature of the molten metal and a satisfactorily large heat capacity, and the recess is to store the molten metal in a surfaced portion in the vicinity of the thin-walled portion of the workpiece (Figures); a preheating step (B) for preheating the workpiece and the jig to a predetermined temperature under the condition with the jig installed (column 2, lines 60-67); and build up welding step (C) for continually build up welding to the thin-walled portion of the workpiece and forming weld beads on a surfaced portion (Figures and columns 2-4).

It is inherent that the jig is manufactured from a material with a higher heatresisting temperature than the heat-resisting temperature of the molten metal, otherwise the jig would melt during the build up welding process.

It is also inherent that the jig is removed after the weld beads solidify completely so that the weldment has a chance to form the desired shape upon cooling.

Furthermore, it is inherent that jig of Koromzay will reduce the cooling rate at the thin-walled portion after the build up welding process.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koromzay (4,841,117) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Kano et al. (US-2001/0003334). Koromzay teaches all of the limitations of the claims except the jig is ceramic.

Kano et al. teaches the jig is ceramic (entire document).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use a ceramic jig as taught by Kano et al. in the process of Foster et al. because ceramics have a high thermal degradation temperature.

Claims 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koromzay (4,841,117) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Foster et al. (6,054,672). Koromzay teaches all of the limitations of the claims except that the workpiece is a TiAl alloy and the thin-walled portion of the workpiece is the tip of a turbine blade.

Foster et al. teaches the workpiece is a TiAl alloy and the thin-walled portion of the workpiece is the tip of a turbine blade (claims 2, 5 and 11).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the jig of Koromzay with the workpiece of Foster et al. because both patents are drawn to the repair of turbine blades using build up welding.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 4 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### Conclusion

The prior art of record that is cited as of interest is presented on the form-892.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kiley Stoner whose telephone number is (571) 272-1183. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday (7:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on Monday-Friday at (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

KILEY S. STONER
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Illy the 2/24/05